U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10

1.1.1



1200 SIXTH AVENUE SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101

JUL 2 3 1887

REPLY TO ATTN OF:

HW-113

Alex Buxbaum R&A Plant Soils, Inc. 24 Pasco-Kahlotus Rd. Pasco, Washington 99301

🦥 Dear Mr. Buxbaum:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), through Ecology and Environment, Inc. (E&E), collected a ground water sample from your drinking water well on March 18, 1987. The sample was analyzed for approximately 150 compounds on EPA's Target Compound List. According to EPA's regional toxicologist, the results show that the chemical concentrations are at levels which do not pose an unacceptable health risk.

Most of the substances tested for were not detected in your water sample. The substances that were detected are listed on the enclosed sheet.

The sodium value exceeds the EPA guidance level of 20,000 micrograms per liter (parts per billion). Persons with a genetic predisposition to hypertension, hypertensive patients, dialysis patients, and others on sodium restrictive diets should consult with their physician concerning these findings. Pregnant women should also consult their physician.

If you have any questions, please telephone me at (206) 442-2712.

Sincerely,

Lori Cohen

Superfund Site Manager

Enclosure

cc: Stan Vendetti, Benton-Franklin County Health District

USEPA SF

SAMPLING RESULTS

Sample Location: Buxbaum Residence

Pasco, Washington

Sample Date: March 18, 1987

Substance	Level Detected (ug/l *)	EPA Guideline or Standard (ug/l *)

Arsenic	6	50
Barium	73	1000
Calcium Chromium	63830 9	No standard exists 50
Cobalt	8	No standard exists
Copper	1	1000
Iron	195 (estimate)	300
Magnesium Manganesē	22780 3	No standard exists 50
Potassium	7508	No standard exists
Selenium	2	10
Sodium	37620	20000
Thallium	3	No standard exists
Vanadium	22.6	No standard exists
Zinc	50	5000

^{* -} The units for all the data presented here are: ug/l = micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

For the compounds for which there is currently no standard, EPA's regional toxicologist believes these levels do not pose an unacceptable health risk.